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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/524,411	03	3/13/2000	Joseph C. Tyler	VSSI-0002	VSSI-0002 6146	
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		CK & D'ALESS.	ANDRO, LLC	EXAMINER		
3 E-COMM ALBANY, N				VIG, NA	VIG, NARESH	
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				3629		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/524,411	TYLER, JOSEPH C.	$\checkmark$
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	4
	Naresh Vig	3629	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a y within the statutory minimum of thi vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MO: , cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communic BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>13 M</u>	March 2000 .		
-	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims			its is
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1 - 29</u> is/are pending in the application	ın		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	With Holly consideration.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 - 29</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement		
Application Papers	cicolon requirement.		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accep	oted or b) objected to by	the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	_ is: a)□ approved b)□ ∈	disapproved by the Examiner.	
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	oly to this Office action.		
12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in A	Application No	
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior</li> <li>application from the International Bu</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li> </ul>	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	_	<b>;</b>
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S.C	§ 119(e) (to a provisional appli	cation).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro	• •		
Attachment(s)	-		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-3, 5-7, 10-11, 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eldering, US Patent 6,216,129 in view of Dedrick, US Patent 5,724,521.

Regarding claims 1 – 2, 5 and 21 – 22, Eldering discloses an advertisement selection system in which vectors describing an actual or hypothetical market for a product or desired viewing audience can be determined. An ad characterization vector is transmitted along with a consumer ID. The consumer ID is used to retrieve a consumer characterization vector which is correlated with the ad characterization vector to determine the suitability of the advertisement to the consumer. The consumer characterization vector describes statistical information regarding the demographics and product purchase preferences of a consumer, and is developed from previous purchases or viewing habits (abstract).

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Data to perform the consumer profiling is received from a point of purchase (col 6. lines 33 – 34).

Data structure used to store the information contained in the vector, any of the vectors may be in the form of a table, record, linked tables in a relational database, series of records, or a software object (col. 8, lines 8 – 12).

A content/opportunity provider maintains the content server which can transmit content including broadcast programming across a network such as the internet (col. 5, lines 27 – 29). Advertiser maintains an ad server which contains a variety of advertisements in the form of still video which can be printed, video advertisements audio advertisements or combinations thereof. The ad demographics vector is used to target the ad by setting the demographic parameters in the ad demographics vector to correspond to the targeted demographic group.

Eldering does not disclose publisher interface. Dedrick discloses a method and apparatus for providing electronic advertisements to end users in a consumer best-fit pricing manner includes an index database, a user profile database, and a consumer scale matching process. The advertisements can be transferred to multiple yellow page servers, and the titles associated with the advertisements are subsequently transferred to multiple metering servers (abstract). The client system may be provided with tools to create content, advertisements, etc. in the same manner as a publisher/advertiser (col. 3, lines 56 – 59). Therefore, it is known at the time of invention to a person with ordinary skills in the art to provide publisher interface to ensure that the advertisement / messages created are compatible with the system and save on the support cost.

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Regarding claim 3, Eldering discloses that discretionary target market parameters can be specified and do not necessarily need to correspond to an existing market, but can reflect the various market segments for which the advertisement is targeted. The market segments can be designated by demographic characteristics or by product preferences (col. 3, lines 29 – 34).

Regarding claim 6 and 23 – 24, Eldering discloses that "although FIG. 1A represents content/opportunity provider and content server as being independently connected to internet, with the consumer's devices also being directly connected to the Internet, the content/opportunity provider can also control access to the subscriber. This can occur when the content/opportunity provider is also the cable operator or telephone company. In such instances, the cable operator or telephone company can be providing content to consumer over the cable operator/telephone company access network. As an example, if the cable operator has control over the content being transmitted to the consumer, and has programmed times for the insertion of advertisements the cable operator is considered to be a content/opportunity provider since the cable operator can provide advertisers the opportunity to access consumer by inserting an advertisement at the commercial break" (col. 5 line 54 – col. Line 3).

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Regarding claim 7, Eldering discloses that profiler (e.g. publisher) maintains a consumer profile server which contains the characterization of consumer. The consumer profiling system is operated by profiler, who can use consumer profile server or another computing device connected to consumer profile server to profile consumer 100 (col. 6, lines 27 – 32).

Regarding claims 10 – 11, Eldering discloses that the content that is being transmitted today is done so in broadcast form, such as broadcast television programming (broadcast over the air and via cable TV networks), broadcast radio, and newspapers. Content can also be broadcast over the Internet and combined with existing video services (col. 5, lines 41 – 53).

Neither Eldering nor Dedrick disclose delivering advertisement over a wireless communication. However, it is known at the time of the invention that advertisers are known to send solicitation over the fax machines and wireless communication devices like beepers. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art to include as many advertising mediums as possible to target as many customers as possible.

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Claims 4, 8 – 9, 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eldering, US Patent 6,216,129 in view of Dedrick, US Patent 5,724,521, and further in view Paramount's King Island Water and Theme Park hereinafter known as KingsDominion.

Regarding claims 4, neither Eldering nor Dedrick disclose information comprising story content. However, it is known at the time of invention to a person with ordinary skill in the art that advertisers decide on the content of the advertisement to gain most out of the advertisement. For example, in an advertisement for a theme park the main content may be the picture of a thrill ride, whereas, in an advertisement for collecting donations the main content my be a story of someone or something to draw user attention (see information on Kings Dominion).

Regarding claim 8, neither Eldering nor Dedrick disclose contents of the advertisement. However, KingsDominion discloses to show the map of its park with the list of rides of in the park (to attract visitors of all age groups, see information on Kings Dominion). Therefore, it is known at the time of invention to a person with ordinary skill in the art that advertisers decide on the content of the advertisement to gain most out of the advertisement. For example, in an advertisement for a theme park the main content may be the picture of a thrill ride, calendar showing dates and time the park is open, and map of the location of the theme park.

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Regarding claim 9 and 25, neither Eldering nor Dedrick disclose customization of the advertisement. However, KingsDominion discloses to show the map of its park with the list of rides of in the park (customized to be seen on a web browser or printed on a paper, see information on Kings Dominion). In addition, theme parks are known to advertise on television showing visitors enjoying on a thrill ride, or, kids enjoying and playing with cartoon characters etc. (customized to show motion video for television). Therefore, it is known at the time of invention to a person with ordinary skill in the art that advertisers customize the advertisement to meet the requirements of the advertising media. For example, advertisement on a printed medium would require the advertisement to fit the physical medium, whereas, the advertisement on a television would require the advertisement customized to meet the time limit, standards (NTSC, PAL) etc. requirements.

Claims 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eldering, US Patent 6,216,129 in view of Dedrick, US Patent 5,724,521, and further in view of Shear et al., US Patent 6,112,181.

Regarding claim 12, neither Eldering nor Dedrick disclose allowing users to unsubscribe. Shear et al. discloses that a matching and classification utility system

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comprising a kind of Commerce Utility System used to perform the matching, narrowcasting, classifying and/or selecting. The Matching and Classification Utility system may use any pre-existing classification schemes, including at least some rights management information and/or other qualitative and/or parameter data indicating and/or defining classes, classification systems, class hierarchies, category schemes, class assignments, category assignments, and/or class membership (abstract). A customer uses application to subscribe one or more particular classes of content. If a user no longer has an interest in one or more classes, they may also use the same (or similar) application to "unsubscribe " from a particular subject, or specify further narrowing or broadening criteria to adjust the flow of content from one or more classes. Therefore, it is known at the time of invention to a person with ordinary skill in the art to allow customer to unsubscribe from receiving solicitation to avoid lawsuits from customers who do not want solicitations (col. 56, line 57 – col. 57, line 8).

Claims 13 – 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eldering, US Patent 6,216,129 in view of Dedrick, US Patent 5,724,521, and further in view of Shear et al., US Patent 6,112,181 and Paramount's King Island Water and Theme Park hereinafter known as KingsDominion.

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Claims 13 – 16 are rejected because these are the program product claims for the publishing system of claims 1 – 12 rejected earlier.

Claims 17 – 20 are rejected because these are the computer system claims for the publishing system of claims 1 – 12 rejected earlier.

Claims 26 - 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over PointCast's website "www.pointcast.com" hereinafter known as PointCast in view of Eldering, US Patent 6,216,129.

Regarding Claim 26 – 29, PointCast discloses system and method for personalized news and information service that uses Internet-connected PCs to broadcast information to its users. PointCast states that "High disposable income and extensive experience shopping online makes PointCast viewers a prime advertising target". PointCast discloses that it can display plurality of windows (news, advertisement, channels etc.) on recipient's computer system (see sample in information on PointCast).

PointCast discloses that it has customization capabilities, and, it offers suite of tools called the "PointCast Intranet Broadcast Solution" for companies (content

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providers) to create news (title and story, see sample in information on PointCast) and broadcast to the employees (selected group of people). In addition, PointCast allows companies to broadcast internal company news over company's intranet using private PointCast channel.

PointCast does not disclose selecting time of delivery. Eldering discloses that if the cable operator has control over the content being transmitted to the consumer, and has programmed times for the insertion of advertisements the cable operator is considered to be a content/opportunity provider since the cable operator can provide advertisers the opportunity to access consumer by inserting an advertisement at the commercial break" (col. 5 line 64 – col. Line 3). Therefore, it is known at the time of invention to a person with ordinary skill in the art that advertisements can be transmitted as the selected time of delivery to make the advertisement more effective. For example, sending an advertisement for Christmas decorations in summer may not be as effective as sending the advertisement during holiday season.

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Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

applicant's disclosure.

1. Walter et al., US Patent 6,334,110

2. Westrope et al., US Patent 5,968,110

3. Xiaomu's List of Win95 Internet Apps

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Naresh Vig whose telephone number is 703.305.3372.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30 - 5:00 (Alt Friday off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, John Weiss can be reached on 703.308.2702. The fax phone numbers for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703.305.7687 for

regular communications and 703.305.7687 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is

703.305.3900.

JOHN G. WEISS

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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August 12, 2002